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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/686,110	10/14/2003	Winthrop D. Childers	200312768	6785	
10/26/2007 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION FORT COLLINS, CO 80527-2400			EXAMINER		
			LIANG, REGINA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2629		
			MAN DATE	DEL MENU MADE	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/26/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/686	5,110	CHILDERS, WIN	THROP D.	
Office Action Summary		ner	Art Unit		
	Regina	Liang	2629		
The MAILING DATE of this com Period for Reply	munication appears on	the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence ac	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Extensions of time may be available under the provafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxim Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three more earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704	E MAILING DATE OF isions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no communication. um statutory period will apply an reply will, by statute, cause the onths after the mailing date of this	THIS COMMUNIO be event, however, may a red d will expire SIX (6) MON application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 September 2007</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
4)	is/are withdrawn from 23-27, 40, 42, 44-47, 5 to. estriction and/or electio	consideration. <u>3, 54</u> is/are reject			
9) The specification is objected to be 10) The drawing(s) filed on is Applicant may not request that any Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is object.	vare: a) ☐ accepted or objection to the drawing(auding the correction is rec	s) be held in abeyar quired if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 C		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Rev 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application		

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 9/28/07 has been entered. Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15-20, 23-27, 40, 42, 44-47, 53, 54 are pending in the application.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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3. Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15-20, 23-27, 40, 42, 44-47, 53, 54 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-74 of U.S. Patent No. 7,086,736 736 in view of Dewald et al (US 6,771,325, hereinafter Dewald).

The following is an example for comparing claim 1 of this applicant and claim 6 of P.N. '736.

Claim 1 of this application	Claim 6 of P.N. '736
A display system for displaying an image, comprising:	A display system for displaying an image comprising:
an image processing unit configured to process image data and generate a number of image sub-frames corresponding to said image data; a modulator configured to modulate a light beam according to said image sub-frames;	an image processing unit configured to process image data defining the image and generate said image sub-frames; a modulator configured to produce a light beam that sequentially bears a plurality of color image sub-frame, wherein each color image sub-frame corresponds to one color in a plurality of colors; wherein said modulator is configured to modulate said color light beam according to said number of color image sub-
	frames to produce said light beam bearing said plurality of color image sub-frames;
a scrolling color device configured to scroll a plurality of colors across a face of said modulator, wherein all of said plurality of colors are present simultaneously on said face of said modulator, to produce a color light beam bearing said number of image subframes; wherein said scrolling color device scrolls said plurality of color across said face of said modulator an integer number of times during an image sub-frame time period corresponding to said each of said number of image sub-frames;	a sequential color device configured to shine a color light beam on a face of said modulator, said color light beam having a color that sequentially rotates through said plurality of colors, wherein plurality of color image subframes comprises a number of color image subframes equal to said number of image subframe locations multiplied by a number of colors in said plurality of colors;
display optics configured to display said image from said color light beam; and	display optics configured to display said light beam such that said plurality of color image sub-frames are successively displayed to form said image;
a wobbling device configured to displace said color light beam according to a cycle in which said image sub-frames are sequentially	a wobbling device configured to displace said light beam between display of each of said color image sub-frames such that a color image

integer number of times during an image subframe time period corresponding to each of

said number of image sub-frames.

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displayed in a cycle of spatially offset sub-frame corresponding to each color in said positions, said spatially offset positions being plurality of colors is displayed in each of a number of image sub-frame locations; said offset by less than a pixel width from each number of image sub-frame location other: comprises: a first image sub-frame location; a second image sub-frame location; wherein said second image sub-frame location is spatially offset by an offset distance from said first image sub-frame location; wherein said offset distance comprises a vertical offset distance and a horizontal offset distance, said second image sub-frame location being vertically offset from said first image sub-frame location by said vertical offset distance and horizontally offset from said first image sub-frame location by said horizontal offset distance, said vertical offset distance is and said horizontal offset distance are substantially equal to one-half of a pixel. further comprising a system timing unit configured to synchronize said scrolling color device and said wobbling device such that said scrolling color device scrolls said plurality of colors across said face of said modulator an

As can be seen above, claim 1 of this application and claim 6 of P.N. '736 are claiming the similar subject matter. Claim 6 of P.N. '736 differs from claim 1 of this application in not having a system timing unit configured to synchronize the scrolling color device and the wobbling device. However, the patent claims are in comprising format and therefore covers structure not specifically recited. The patent disclosure clearly describes a system timing unit (154 in Fig. 4) configured to synchronize the scrolling color device (102) and the wobbling device (104) and are encompassed by the patent claims comprising format.

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Claim 6 of U.S. P.N. '736 also differs from claim 1 of this application in that the color device is not configured to scroll the plurality of colors simultaneously across the spatial light modulator. However, Dewald teaches a sequential color display system (Fig. 2) having a scrolling color device (206, 208) configured to scroll a plurality of colors simultaneously across the spatial light modulator (210) during the generation of the light beam (e.g., see the abstract). Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 6 of P.N. '736 to have the scrolling color device as taught by Dewald so as to provide "an efficient illumination that is capable of providing the efficiency of a three-modulator display system while taking advantage of the simplified optics and low cast of a one-modulator display system" (col. 2, line 66 to col. 3, line 2 of Dewald).

4. Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15-20, 23-27, 40, 42, 44-47, 53, 54 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-31 of U.S. Patent No. 6,984,040 in view of Dewald.

The following is an example for comparing claim 1 of this applicant and claim 26 of P.N. '040.

Claim 1 of this application	Claim 26 of P.N. '040
A display system for displaying an image,	A display system comprising:
comprising:	an image processing unit configured to
an image processing unit configured to process	generate at least two data arrays during a
image data and generate a number of image	projected frame period, each display array
sub-frames corresponding to said image data;	defining a sub-frame image to be displayed
	during an image sub-frame time period;
a modulator configured to modulate a light	a light modulator configured to receive light
beam according to said image sub-frames;	from the periodic light generator and to
	generate a modulated light beam during each
	image sub-frame time period;
a scrolling color device configured to scroll a	a periodic color light generator having a

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plurality of colors across a face of said	varying color light period and configured to
modulator, wherein all of said plurality of	generate a sequence of primary color during
colors are present simultaneously on said	each of at least two of the image sub-frame
face of said modulator, to produce a color	time periods;
light beam bearing said number of image sub-	
frames; wherein said scrolling color device	
scrolls said plurality of color across said face	
of said modulator an integer number of times	
during an image sub-frame time period	
corresponding to said each of said number of	
image sub-frames;	
display optics configured to display said image	
from said color light beam; and	
a wobbling device configured to displace said	a wobbling device configured to receive the
color light beam according to a cycle in which	modulated light beam and provide relative
said image sub-frames are sequentially	displacement between the sub-frame images
displayed in a cycle of spatially offset	during the projected frame;
positions, said spatially offset positions being	
offset by less than a pixel width from each	
other;	
further comprising a system timing unit	a system timing unit configured to synchronize
configured to synchronize said scrolling color	the wobbling device and to the varying color
device and said wobbling device such that said	light period to allow the projected frame period
scrolling color device scrolls said plurality of	to be an integer multiple of the varying color
colors across said face of said modulator an	light period.
integer number of times during an image sub-	
frame time period corresponding to each of	
said number of image sub-frames.	
<u> </u>	

As can be seen above, claim 1 of this application and claim 26 of P. N. '040 are claiming the similar subject matter; claim 26 of P.N. '040 differs from claim 1 of this application in not having display optics, and the wobbling device not having the image sub-frame are sequentially displayed in a cycle of spatially offset positions, and the spatially offset positions being offset by less than a pixel width from each other. However, the patent claims are in comprising format and therefore covers structure not specifically recited. The patent disclosure clearly describes a display optics (12 in Fig. 8) and the image sub-frame are sequentially displayed in a cycle of

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spatially offset positions, and the spatially offset positions being offset by less than a pixel width from each other (Figs. 9-11) and are encompassed by the patent claims comprising format.

Claim 26 of P.N. '040 also differs from claim 1 of this application in that the color device is not configured to scroll the plurality of colors simultaneously across the spatial light modulator. However, Dewald teaches a sequential color display system (Fig. 2) having a scrolling color device (206, 208) configured to scroll a plurality of colors simultaneously across the spatial light modulator (210) during the generation of the light beam (e.g., see the abstract). Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify claim 26 of P.N. '040 to have the scrolling color device as taught by Dewald so as to provide "an efficient illumination that is capable of providing the efficiency of a three-modulator display system while taking advantage of the simplified optics and low cast of a one-modulator display system" (col. 2, line 66 to col. 3, line 2 of Dewald).

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 15-20, 23-27, 40, 42, 44-47, 53, 54 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Regina Liang whose telephone number is (571) 272-7693. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8AM to 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Regina Liang Primary Examiner Art Unit 2674

10/24/07